

OFFICE OF THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER, IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE FOR THE WEEK ENDING
SATURDAY, THE 5TH AUGUST 1927.

A total of 41 attacks with 24 deaths from plague was returned during the week, the districts affected being Kolar, Bangalore, Mysore, Shimoga and Chitaldrug. The City of Bangalore and the Kolar Gold Fields area continued to remain free from infection, while Mysore City returned 9 attacks with 9 deaths.

2. Comparative figures for the corresponding week were 122 attacks with 81 deaths in 1926, and 95 attacks with 67 deaths in 1925.

3. A total of 35 attacks with 26 deaths from cholera, was returned for three villages in each of the Gubbi and Sorab Taluks and one village in Shikarpur Taluk.

4. The State continued to remain free from Influenza, and Relapsing Fever.

5. The total mortality for the Bangalore City amounted to 64 representing a calculated annual ratio of 28.07 per mille of population against the average ratio of 27.05 for 1926. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered 1 under small-pox, 4 under malaria, 3 under pneumonia, 1 under other fevers, 3 under phthisis, 6 under dysentery and diarrhoea and 46 under all other causes.

6. The total mortality for the Mysore City for the week was 70, representing a calculated annual ratio of 43.35 per mille of population against the average ratio of 24.71 for 1926. The causes of deaths were plague 9, malaria 4, pneumonia 8, other fevers 3, phthisis 6, dysentery and diarrhoea 5 and all other causes 35.

7. There were 45 deaths from all causes reported from the Kolar Gold Fields area equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 26.09 per mille of population against the average ratio of 26.18 for 1926. The deaths were pneumonia 5, other fevers 3, phthisis 2, dysentery and diarrhoea 7 and all other causes 28.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE FOR THE WEEK ENDING
SATURDAY, THE 13 AUGUST 1927.

A total of 45 attacks with 28 deaths from plague was returned during the week, the districts affected being Bangalore, Kolar, Mysore, Hassan, Shimoga and Chitaldrug. The City of Bangalore and the Kolar Gold Fields area continued to remain free from the disease while Mysore City reported five fatalities.

2. Comparative figures for the corresponding week were 172 attacks with 122 deaths in 1926 and 122 attacks with 72 deaths in 1925.

3. Twenty-three attacks with 4 deaths from cholera were reported for 3 villages in Gubbi Taluk.

4. The State continued to remain free from Influenza and Relapsing fever.

5. Three attacks with one death from small-pox were returned for Arkalgud town.

6. The total mortality for the Bangalore City amounted to 72, representing a calculated annual ratio of 31.58 per mille of population against the average ratio of 27.05 for 1926. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered 2 under malaria, 6 under pneumonia, 1 under typhoid, 6 under other fevers, 7 under phthisis, 9 under dysentery and diarrhoea and 41 under all other causes.

7. The total mortality for the Mysore City for the week was 38, representing a calculated annual ratio of 23.53 per mille of population against the average ratio of 24.71 for 1926. The causes of deaths were plague 5, pneumonia 4, typhoid 1, phthisis 2, dysentery and diarrhoea 4 and all other causes 22.

8. There were 50 deaths from all causes reported from the Kolar Gold Fields area equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 29.65 per mille of population against the average ratio of 26.18 for 1926. The deaths were malaria 1, pneumonia 2, other fevers 3, phthisis 1, dysentery and diarrhoea 14 and all other causes 29.

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